

Upper Andean Forest Monitoring Network

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BACKGROUND

- Andean forests are a biodiversity hotspot with some of the highest endemism in the world
- They are also heavily impacted by human activities
- ➤ In Colombia only ca. 22% of the Andes are still forested





BACKGROUND

- Most Upper Andean forests around Bogotá (ca. 2600-3200 m) have been cut, some for centuries.
- The socio-ecological landscape is a complex mixture of pastures, crops, urban areas, early secondary forests and a few mature forests
- Yet, these forests remain very poorly studied



OBJETIVES

- The Upper Andean Forest Monitoring Network (UAFMN) was developed to study biodiversity and ecosystem processes in secondary and mature forest that are strongly influenced by socio-ecological dynamics
- We are also interested in studying the history of disturbance and determine how forests are going to change in the future
- The UAFMN is open to collaborations from local and international researchers!



LOCATIONS



EARLY SUCCESSIONAL FORESTS









LATE SECONDARY / MATURE FORESTS







LATE SECONDARY / MATURE FORESTS







PLOT DESCRIPTION

20 m

	2.0
	20 m

- •*n*=20 *plots*
- Basal diameter > 5cm
- •n=4 seedling plots per plot
- Seedlings: everything above 5 cm in height; <1 cm BD = seedling; 1-5 cm BD = saplings
- All individuals are tagged and identified



- n=2 plots (growing to 8)
- DBH>10 cm
- Individuals are tagged and identified



BIODIVERSITY

High richness: 85 woody species

(many endemics, just 1 exotic)

Ageratina asclepiadea





Hesperomeles goudotiana

Critoniopsis bogotana





Rhamnus goudotiana Xylosma spiculifera





Miconia squamulosa



NON-METRIC MULTIDIMENSIONAL SCALING (NMDS)

Black- Guatavita Green-Encenillo

Red-Tabio Blue-Torca



Early successional forests tend to separate from late secondary forests along axis 2



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CARBON CYCLE





Other measurements:

- Litter production: 0.5 m² traps (x10) per plot => NPP
- => we will soon have estimates of above-ground NPP for 14 plots
- Leaf and ecosystem light use efficiency
- Wood decomposition



FUNCTIONAL GROUPS & TRAITS



Functional traits

- $\bullet \, Leaf \, A_{max}$
- Leaf g_s
- •SLA (LMA)
- Leaf Thickness
- Leaf Density
- LDMC
- Wood density
- H_{max}
- Volatile organic compounds



FUNCTIONAL GROUPS & TRAITS



Used to calculate community weighted mean of traits and functional diversity indexes

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SOILS & CLIMATE



- 576 Plant Root Simulator (PRS) probes
- Installed in 16 plots and two abandoned cattle pastures
- Other soil measurements:
 - Bulk density
 - d¹⁵N
 - d¹³C
 - Soil %N
- Fine root biomass (2017)
- Soil respiration (2017)



SOILS & CLIMATE



Climatic measurements

- Air temperature
- Air relative humidity
- Precipitation
- PAR (2017)

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REMOTE SENSING



Forests **2016**, *7*, 138; doi:10.3390/f7070138



Article

Estimating Aboveground Biomass and Carbon Stocks in Periurban Andean Secondary Forests Using Very High Resolution Imagery

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GeoEye-1 and Pleiades-1A images; Ratio Vegetation Index (RVI)



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Figure 4. Aboveground carbon stock distribution map for secondary Andean in the Tabio test area near Bogotá, Colombia in Mg·ha⁻¹ (based on Pleiades-1A imagery).



Links between satellite images and one cm resolution drone images (2017)



STUDENTS

Ana Belén Hurtado. Ph.D. Candidate. Ecological processes that determine successional trajectories at local and landscape scales.

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- Luis Gabriel López. M.Sc. Functional diversity along a successional gradient.
- Diego Alexander González. M.Sc. Student. Functional diversity and carbon storage.
- Juan Sebastián Páez. Undergraduate students. Changes in functional traits along the lifecycle of trees.
- Javier Marín Salazar. Undergraduate student. Changes in tree and shrubs species composition along different ontogenetic stages
- ► Javier Marín Salazar. Young Researcher. Phenology and Dispersion



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